

# How To Get The Best From Your Remington Power Dehumidifier

Humidity is a serious problem in New Zealand but investing in a portable unit to regulate humidity levels you can save time, money and effort. There are vast number of scenarios where using a dehumidifier can benefit your business, below are a couple of examples:

## Construction Drying Process

Even before a building is completed, excess moisture in the air can cause problems. Drying processes like painting, plastering and setting concrete floors can be heavily impacted by high moisture levels. This can cost time and money on site, which can be avoided by investing in a proper dehumidification process.

## Storage with limited ventilation

Unseen damage to stock cause by storing in poorly ventilated areas, such as cellars, un-insulated buildings, and construction sites. By ensuring these places are ventilated properly with the right dehumidification you can prevent unforeseen costs while protecting your materials or stock.

It is important to consider a number of factors to ensure that your Remington Power dehumidifier set up is as effective as possible.

## Capacity

Determine how much moisture you want to remove in a specific time period and align this to your dehumidifier's capability. The capacity of a dehumidifier is measured in volume of water per 24 hours, this measurement along with air displacement will determine the speed and effectiveness of your dehumidifier. Always consider the time you have to remove moisture from the air in your project to help select a suitable dehumidifier for your job.

## Seal the room

By sealing a room, you decrease the area needing moisture removal, reducing external factors that can slow-down the dehumidification process. This can also ensure your site isn't affected by changes in weather.

## Effectively Place Your Dehumidifiers

To get the best results, it is recommended that you place your dehumidifier in an appropriate location, and if using multiple dehumidifiers, it is recommended to have them evenly spaced without facing each other.

## Don't force the drying process

While efficiency can be increased in the drying processes, to ensure materials are completely dry throughout and future issues are avoided, you should not apply extreme heat to speed up the drying process. The temperature of the area where the dehumidification process is occurring should not exceed 35°C to avoid risks of damage to materials and structures.

